

SUMMARY

Senko A. V. Organizational and tactical features of the questioning during the investigation of thefts of baggage of passengers committed at the airport. The article deals with some aspects of investigating theft of luggage by citizens at the airport. The features of interrogation of different categories of persons for faster investigation of the investigated category of criminal offenses are considered.

The peculiarities of interrogations during the investigation of thefts of passengers' baggage committed at the airport have not been fully studied, taking into account the current Criminal Procedural Code of Ukraine and current needs of law enforcement practice.

The author notes that one of the most common investigative (search) actions in criminal proceedings of various categories is interrogation. It also does not lose its relevance in the investigation of thefts of passengers' luggage at airports. It should be emphasized at the outset that interrogation is a rather complicated procedural step in the context of its conduct and optimal results. Therefore, providing appropriate guidance on its preparation and implementation is absolutely necessary for law enforcement practical units.

In a survey of law enforcement officials, we find that interrogations of victims of baggage theft at an airport are identified as the source from which information about the identity of the offender and further investigative (search) actions can be obtained in most cases.

In practice law enforcement officials generally avoid and refuse preparatory measures, arguing: a significant number of proceedings per employee; limited time spent on preparatory activities; conducting interrogations on similarity with the previous ones and more. For effective interrogation it is necessary to use a certain set of tactical techniques.

Among the most common organizational and preparatory measures for questioning in the investigation of thefts of passengers' luggage at airports were identified: the study of criminal proceedings; the collection of raw data relating to the subject of questioning; study of the person interviewed; determining the technical support of the interrogation.

Keywords: *theft, organization, tactics, investigative (search) actions, questioning.*