Kyrylo M. Nedrya. Social security of war and military conflicts veterans in the states of the Romano-Germanic legal family (on the example of France and Germany). In this article, we analyze the history of the formation and development of the system of providing social and legal guaran-tees to participants of hostilities in the example of France and Germany, from 1914 to the present time.

These countries were selected as key representatives of the Romano-German legal system. In addition, the experience of these countries is quite interesting in terms of the traditions of protection of war veter-ans, as well as the success of the state and society in this direction, which is an indication of the absence of any conflicts around this and social tension in particular. This situation is not a coincidence, since both France and Germany have a great military history, as former colonial empires, as well as states that can be considered the founders of modern armies of the world, and therefore the social protection of the mili-tary. The intensity of military campaigns and wars has contributed to a steadily high level of disability in families and families who have lost a breadwinner, which also required a solution, as well as a system of government and state support. The history of these countries in the twentieth century was also an exception, defining for them the status of opponents and key participants in the two world wars, as well as participation in the further formation of the world order (including military methods). They are still active, continuing to participate in NATO and UN peacekeeping operations, making their experience and evolution of the state support system for veterans constantly relevant.

Keywords: protection of motherland, veterans, social and legal guarantee, a system of social guarantees, law, war.